INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2006

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OFFICIALS

Name	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
	BOARD OF EDUCATION	
	(Before September, 2005 Election)	
Gary O'Connor Bill Dolan Stephanie Laudner Lisa Paulus Pat Rooney	President	2007 2005 2007 2006 2006
	(After September, 2005 Election)	
Gary O'Connor Lisa Paulus Stephanie Laudner Angie Johnson Pat Rooney	President	2007 2006 2007 2008 2006

SCHOOL OFFICIALS

David Herold Superintendent

Janice Kuhlers District Secretary/
Treasurer

Independent Auditor's Report

To The Board of Education of the Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District, Rockford, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of District officials. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2006 on our consideration of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 12 and 31 thru 32 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District's basic financial statements. We previously audited the financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2005 (none of which are presented herein) and expressed unqualified opinions on those financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 4, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

October 26, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2006 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues increased from \$4,404,361 in fiscal 2005 to \$4,649,419 in fiscal 2006 (a 6% increase), while General Fund expenditures increased from \$4,618,244 in fiscal year 2005 to \$4,520,313 in fiscal 2006 (a 2% decrease).
- The increase in General Fund revenues was primarily attributable to an increase in property tax and state aid revenues. The decrease in expenditures was due primarily to a reduction in special ed costs. The General Fund balance increased over \$129,000 in the past fiscal year, a 31% increase.
- An increase in interest rates during the past year resulted in an increase in interest earnings.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both shortterm and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The statements for governmental funds explain how basic services, such as regular and special education, were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending.
- The statement for proprietary funds offer short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like businesses, such as food services.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the non-major Special Revenue Funds. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various programs benefiting the District.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

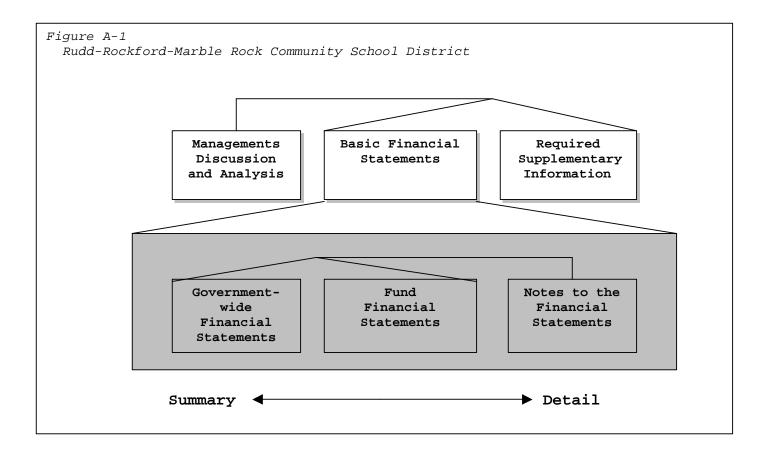


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain the remainder of this overview section of the management discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government-wide	Fund Financial Statements			
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds		
Scope	Entire district	The activities of the district that are not proprietary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses, such as food service		
Required financial statements	Statement of Net AssetsStatement of Activities	 Balance sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Assets Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Statement of Cash Flows 		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term		
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The two government-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets - the difference between the District's assets and liabilities - is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating respectively.
- To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds or to show that it is properly using certain revenues such as federal grants.

The District has two kinds of funds:

- 1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how much cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them. The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund.
- 2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide statements. The District's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District currently has one enterprise fund, the School Nutrition Fund.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets - Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net assets for the year ended June 30, 2006 compared to June 30, 2005.

Figure A-3
Condensed Statement of Net Assets
(expressed in thousands)

			(expres	ssed in tho	usands)		
	Governm	mental Business-type Total		al	Percentage		
	Activities		Activi	ties	School D	Change	
	June	30,	June	30,	June 30,		June 30,
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-2006
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Current assets	3,239	3,283	4	6	3,243	3,289	-1.40%
Capital assets	3,524	3,168	9	10	3,533	3,178	<u>11.17</u> %
Total assets	6,763	6,451	13	16	6,776	6,467	<u>4.78</u> %
Current liabilities	2,276	2,390	95	74	2,371	2,464	-3.77%
Non-current liabilities	675	880	<u> </u>		675	880	- <u>23.30</u> %
Total liabilities	2,951	3,270	95	74	3,046	3,344	- <u>8.91</u> %
Net Assets							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	2,849	2,288	9	10	2,858	2,298	24.37%
Restricted	393	475	-	-	393	475	-17.26%
Unrestricted	570	418	(91)	(68)	479	350	<u>36.86</u> %
Total net assets	3,812	3,181	(82)	(58)	3,730	3,123	<u>19.44</u> %

The increase in unrestricted net assets is a combination of increased revenues and cost containment measures. Invested in capital assets grew as the District used local option sales tax monies to construct a new transportation facility. This also explains the decrease in restricted funds as the Capital Projects fund decreased during fiscal year 2006.

Changes in net assets - figure A-4 shows the changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2006.

Figure A-4
Change in Net Assets
(Expressed in Thousands)

•					Tot	al	
	Govern	mental	Busines	s-type	Sch	ool	Total
	Activ	ities	Activ	ities	Dist	rict	Change
•	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-06
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for service and sales	238	178	131	125	369	303	21.78%
Operating grants, contributions							
and restricted interest	790	767	121	109	911	876	4.00%
General revenues:							
Property tax	2,314	2,130	_	_	2,314	2,130	8.64%
Local option sales tax	322	281	_	_	322	281	14.59%
Unrestricted state grants	2,085	1,982	_	-	2,085	1,982	5.20%
Unrestricted investment							
earnings	34	20	_	-	34	20	70.00%
Other	15	50			15	50	- <u>70.00</u> %
Total revenues	5,798	5,408	252	234	6,050	5,642	7.23%
Program expenses:							
Governmental activities:							
Instruction	3,028	3,248	_	3	3,028	3,251	-6.86%
Support Services	1,638	1,446	_	_	1,638	1,446	13.28%
Non-instructional programs	_	_	276	263	276	263	4.94%
Other expenses	501	345			501	345	<u>45.22</u> %
Total expenses	5,167	5,039	276	266	5,443	5,305	<u>2.60</u> %
Change in net assets	631	369	(24)	(32)	607	337	<u>80.12</u> %

Property tax and unrestricted state grants account for 73% of the total revenue. The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services which account for 86% of the total expenses.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$5,798,689 and expenses were \$5,167,184.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services and other expenses.

Figure A-5
Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		(Expresse	ed in Thousands	3)	
	Total (Cost	Net Co	ost	Net
	of Serv	ices	of Serv	ices	Change
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-06
	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Instruction	3,028	3,248	2,244	2,504	-10.38%
Support Services	1,638	1,446	1,578	1,432	10.20%
Other expenses	501	345	317	158	<u>100.63</u> %
Totals	5,167	5,039	4,139	4,094	<u>1.10</u> %

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$238,498.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$407,815.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$2,314,121 in property tax, \$2,084,573 in state foundation aid, and \$34,227 in interest income.

Business Type Activities

Revenues of the District's School Nutrition Fund were \$252,448 and expenses were \$276,511. Revenues of these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As previously noted Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of 3,180,117, a thirteen percent increase under last year's ending fund balances of \$2,811,564. The primary reason was collection of local option sales tax.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- The District's General Fund balance increased due to increases in property taxes and state aid. The District decreased expenditures primarily in the area of special education.
- The District's Capital Projects collected over \$320,000 in local option sales tax. A new transportation facility was constructed with these monies during fiscal year 2006.
- The District used monies saved in the Physical Plant and Equipment Levy to make improvements of over \$150,000 to the District's facilities.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

The District's Nutrition Fund decreased as a result of decreased participation and increased food costs.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on the cash basis. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity is included in the required supplementary information section of this report. Since the District does not adopt a budget for individual funds, budgets for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds are not presented in the budgetary comparison on pages 35 and 36.

Legal Budgetary Highlights

The District's receipts were \$128,016 more than budgeted receipts, a variance of 2%. The most significant variance resulted from the District receiving more in miscellaneous revenue than originally anticipated.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted, due primarily to the District's budget for the General Fund. It is the District's practice to budget expenditures at the maximum authorized spending authority for the General Fund. The District then manages or controls General Fund spending through its line-item budget. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed actual expenditures for the year. Expenditures exceeded the amount budgeted in the support services function due to construction of a new transportation facility.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2006, the District had invested over \$3 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-6) This represents a net increase of 11% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 3 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$150,279.

The original cost of the District's capital assets was \$5,779,327. Governmental funds account for \$5,674,628, with the remainder of \$104,699 accounted for in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

Figure A-6 Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	(expressed in thousands)						
	Govern	Governmental		Business-type		al	Total
	Activ	ities	Activ:	ities	School District		Change
	June	June 30,		June 30,		June 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2005-2006
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Land	118	118	_	_	118	118	0.00%
Site improvements	9	12	_	-	9	12	-25.00%
Buildings	3,195	2,811	_	_	3,195	2,811	13.66%
Furniture and equipment	201	227	9	10	210	237	- <u>11.39</u> %
Totals	3,523	3,168	9	10	3,532	3,178	<u>11.14</u> %

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2006, the District had \$675,000 in general obligation bonds payable. This represents a decrease of approximately 18% from last year (See Figure A-7). Additional information about the District's long-term debt is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements. The notes will be fully paid off in FY09.

Figure A-7
Outstanding Long-Term Obligations

(expressed in thousands)								
Tota	Total							
Distr:	ict	Change						
June 3	30,	June 30,						
2006	2005	2005-2006						
\$	\$	_						
675	880	-23.30%						

General obligation bonds

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District has a solvency ratio of 12%(an increase from 9% the prior year). This allows some security from future state aid cuts that come after the budget year is already started. Maintenance of a healthy solvency ratio will be critical to the District's financial future.
- Adequate allowable growth is a necessity for the District to maintain its current financial position.
- Iowa law requires that unsettled salary negotiations for teachers go to mandatory arbitration. Invariably arbitrated settlements are higher than current levels of allowable growth in funding (not including the budget cuts after the contracts have been settled and people have been hired).
- The District began sharing a superintendent with Greene July 1, 2006 and will look for other opportunities to decrease costs while maintaining programs.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Jan Kuhlers, District Secretary, Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District, 1460 Highway 147, Rockford, IA 50468.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

	Governmental Activities	Business Type _Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$
According to			
Assets	760 510		760 510
Cash and pooled investments Receivables:	768,519	_	768,519
Property tax: Current year	40,328		40,328
Succeeding year	2,260,464	_	2,260,464
Interfund receivable	95,321	_	95,321
Other receivables	74,977	_	74,977
Inventories	74,911	4,233	4,233
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,523,592	8,833	3,532,425
Total assets	6,763,201	13,066	6,776,267
Total appear			077707207
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	13,356	_	13,356
Accrued interest payable	2,759	_	2,759
Interfund payable	_	95,321	95,321
Deferred revenue:			
Succeeding year property tax	2,260,464	_	2,260,464
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due within one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	210,000	_	210,000
Portion due after one year:			
General obligation bonds payable	465,000		465,000
Total liabilities	2,951,579	95,321	3,046,900
Net assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,848,592	8,833	2,857,425
Restricted for:			
Management	60,697	_	60,697
Student activities	44,414	6	44,420
Physical plant and equipment levy	132,726	-	132,726
Capital projects	155,359	-	155,359
Unrestricted	569,834	(91,094)	478,740
Total net assets	3,811,622	(82,255)	3,729,367

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2006

		Program Revenues		-		
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type _Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Functions/Programs:						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction:	3,028,522	238,498	545,868	(2,244,156)		(2,244,156)
Support services:						
Student services	86,600	_	_	(86,600)	_	(86,600)
Instructional staff services	195,219	-	_	(195,219)	-	(195,219)
Administration services	508,269	_	-	(508,269)	-	(508,269)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	549,640	_	59,127	(490,513)	-	(490,513)
Transportation services	297,816		977	(296,839)		(296,839)
	1,637,544		60,104	(1,577,440)		(1,577,440)
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	180,412	-	180,412	-	-	_
Facilities acquisition and construction	162,708	-	-	(162,708)	-	(162,708)
Long-term debt interest	42,032	-	3,608	(38,424)	-	(38,424)
Long-term debt services	400	-	_	(400)	_	(400)
Depreciation (unallocated)*	115,566			(115,566)		(115,566)
	501,118		184,020	(317,098)		(317,098)
Total governmental activities	5,167,184	238,498	789,992	(4,138,694)	-	(4,138,694)

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2006

		Progr	ram Revenues	_		
	Expenses	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type _Activities	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Business type activities:						
Non-instructional programs:						
Nutrition services	276,511	131,127	121,321		(24,063)	(24,063)
Total	5,443,695	369,625	911,313	(4,138,694)	(24,063)	(4,162,757)
General revenues:						
Property tax levied for:						
General purposes				1,714,785	_	1,714,785
Management				195,381	-	195,381
Capital outlay				143,751	_	143,751
Debt service				260,204	_	260,204
School Infrastructure Local Option Sales Tax				321,957	_	321,957
Unrestricted state grants				2,084,573	_	2,084,573
Unrestricted investment earnings				34,227	_	34,227
Other				15,321		15,321
Total general revenue				4,770,199		4,770,199
Change in net assets				631,505	(24,063)	607,442
Net assets beginning of year				3,180,117	(58,192)	3,121,925
Net assets end of year				3,811,622	(82,255)	3,729,367

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2006

		Debt	Capital	Physical Plant and Equipment	Nonmajor Special	
	General	Service	Projects	Levy	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets						
Cash and pooled investments	420,492	20,397	97,000	128,848	101,782	768,519
Receivables:						
Property tax:						
Current year	28,710	4,411	-	3,878	3,329	40,328
Succeeding year	1,757,822	193,405	_	144,237	165,000	2,260,464
Interfund receivable	95,321	_	-	-	_	95,321
Other receivables	16,618		58,359			74,977
Total assets	2,318,963	218,213	155,359	276,963	270,111	3,239,609
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	13,356	_	_	_	_	13,356
Interfund payable	-	_	_	_	_	_
Deferred revenue:						
Succeeding year property tax	1,757,822	193,405		144,237	165,000	2,260,464
Total liabilities	1,771,178	193,405		144,237	165,000	2,273,820
Fund balances:						
Reserved for debt service	_	24,808	_	_	_	24,808
Reserved for capital projects	_	_	155,359	_	_	155,359
Unreserved	547,785	_	_	132,726	105,111	785,622
Total fund balances	547,785	24,808	155,359	132,726	105,111	965,789
Total liabilities and fund balance	2,318,963	218,213	155,359	276,963	270,111	3,239,609
	2,310,303	210,213	133,337	2707203	2,0,111	3/237/007

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C)	\$ 9	965,789
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	3,5	523,592
Accrued interest payable on long-term liabilities is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds.		(2,759)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(€	575,000)
Net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit A)	\$ 3,8	311,622

Year ended June 30, 2006

				Physical		
				Plant and	Nonmajor	
		Debt	Capital	Equipment	Special	
	General	Service	Projects	Levy	Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:						
Local sources						
Local tax	1,714,785	260,204	321,957	143,751	195,381	2,636,078
Tuition	238,498	-	-	-	-	238,498
Other	49,548	3,442	4,992	21,571	171,760	251,313
State sources	2,478,726	166	_	8,281	125	2,487,298
Federal sources	167,862			17,640		185,502
Total revenues	4,649,419	263,812	326,949	191,243	367,266	5,798,689
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:	2,841,319				187,203	3,028,522
Support services:						
Student services	86,600	-	_	_	-	86,600
Instructional staff services	195,219	-	_	_	_	195,219
Administration services	508,269	-	_	_	-	508,269
Operation and maintenance						
of plant services	444,440	-	485,358	_	105,114	1,034,912
Transportation services	264,054			20,000		284,054
	_1,498,582		485,358	20,000	105,114	2,109,054

Year ended June 30, 2006

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Nonmajor Special Revenue	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Other expenditures:						
AEA flowthrough	180,412	-	-	-	_	180,412
Facilities acquisition and						
construction services	-	-	5,197	157,511	-	162,708
Long-term debt:						
Principal	-	205,000	_	-	-	205,000
Interest	-	42,843	_	-	-	42,843
Services	<u> </u>	400				400
	180,412	248,243	5,197	157,511	_	591,363
Total expenditures	4,520,313	248,243	490,555	177,511	292,317	5,728,939
Change in fund balances	129,106	15,569	(163,606)	13,732	74,949	69,750
Fund balances beginning of year	418,679	9,239	318,965	118,994	30,162	896,039
Fund balances end of year	547,785	24,808	155,359	132,726	105,111	965,789

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit E)

\$ 69,750

811

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. The amount of depreciation expense in the year is as follows:

 Capital outlay
 505,272

 Depreciation expense
 (149,328)
 355,944

Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.

General obligation bonds 205,000

Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when due. In the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit B) \$631,505

See notes to financial statements.

Year ended June 30, 2006

	School Nutrition \$
Operating revenue:	
Local sources:	121 107
Charges for services	131,127
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	106,623
Benefits	39,540
Services	1,742
Supplies	127,655
Depreciation	951
Total operating expenses	276,511
Operating (loss)	(145,384)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	3,521
Federal sources	116,561
Interest income	1,239
	121,321
Changes in net assets	(24,063)
Net assets beginning of year	(58,192)
Net assets end of year	(82,255)

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2006

	School
	Nutrition \$
	Ÿ
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	131,127
Cash payments to employees for services	(146,163)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods or services	(110,715)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(125,751)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State grants received	3,521
Federal grants received	99,784
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	103,305
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	1,239
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(21,207)
	, , - ,
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	(74,114)
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	(95,321)
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to	
net cash used in operating activities:	
Operating (loss)	(145,384)
Adjustments to reconcile operating profit (loss)	
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation	951
Commodities used Decrease in inventory	16,777 1,905
becrease in inventory	 -
	(125,751)
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at year end to	
specific assets included on Combined Balance Sheet:	
Current assets:	
Interfund payable	(95,321)

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the District received federal commodities valued at \$16,777.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2006

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve. The geographic area served includes the Cities of Rudd, Rockford and Marble Rock, Iowa, and agricultural territory in Cerro Gordo, Floyd and Mitchell Counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but does not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Floyd County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the tow preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources that are imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other nonmajor governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenses, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Physical Plant and Equipment Levy is used for the acquisition of capital assets (over \$500) and the maintenance and purchase of land improvements and facilities.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The Debt Service Fund is utilized to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

The District's proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected with 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

The proprietary fund of the District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statement of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Cash, Pooled Investments and Cash Equivalents - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested. Investments are stated at fair value except for non-negotiable certificates of deposit which are stated at cost.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, they have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking the budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1½% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2004 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2005 through June 30, 2006 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2005.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa and grants from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class	Amount
Land	\$ 1,000
Buildings	10,000
Improvements other than buildings	1,000
Furniture and equipment:	
School Nutrition Fund equipment	1,000
Other furniture and equipment	1,000

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)	
Buildings	50 years	
Improvements other than buildings	20-50 years	
Furniture and equipment	5-15 years	

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> - Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collectible within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of unspent grant proceeds as well as property tax receivables and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred revenue on the Statement of Net Assets consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - District employees accumulated a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability is deemed to be immaterial at June 30, 2006.

 $\overline{\text{Fund Balance}}$ - In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance are reported for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

Restricted Net Assets - In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, net assets are reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

E. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. Expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted in the support services and non-instructional programs functions.

(2) Cash and Pooled Investments

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2006 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The District had no investments at June 30, 2006.

(3) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance End of
	Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Governmental activities:	Ÿ	Ş	Ų	ų
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 118,000	_	_	118,000
24.14	4 110/000			
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Site Improvements	186,449	-	-	186,449
Buildings	3,966,144	485,272	-	4,451,416
Furniture and Equipment	898,763	20,000		918,763
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,051,356	505,272		5,556,628
Less accumulated depreciation for:	174 500	0 476		177 060
Site Improvements	174,592	2,476	_	177,068
Buildings Englishment	1,154,928	101,253	_	1,256,181
Furniture and Equipment	672,188	45,599		717,787
Total accumulated depreciation	2,001,708	149,328		2,151,036
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,049,648	355,944		3,405,592
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	3,167,648	355,944		3,523,592
	Balance			Balance
	Beginning			End of
	of Year	Increases	Decreases	Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Business type activities:				
Furniture and equipment	104,699	_	_	104,699
Less accumulated depreciation	94,915	951	-	95,866
Business type activities capital assets, net	\$ 9,784	(951)		8,833
Depreciation expense was charged to the follow Governmental activities:	ving functions	:		
Support services:				
Transportation				33,762
Unallocated				115,566
				\$ 149,328
Business Type activities:				
Food service operations				\$ 951

(4) Bonds Payable

Details of the District's June 30, 2006 general obligation bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Interest Rates	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2007	4.80	210,000	33,105	243,105
2008	4.90	225,000	23,025	248,025
2009	5.00	240,000	12,000	252,000
Total		\$675,000	68,130	743,130

(5) Changes in Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2006 is as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds
Balance beginning of year Additions Reductions	\$880,000 - 205,000
Balance end of year	\$ <u>675,000</u>

(6) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The District contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual salary and the District is required to contribute 5.75% of annual payroll. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The District's contribution to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2006, 2005, and 2004 were \$160,137, \$156,435, and \$150,305 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(7) Risk Management

Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

(8) Area Education Agency

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$180,412 for year ended June 30, 2006 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(9) Financial Condition

The District's School Nutrition Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$82,255 at June 30, 2006.

(10) Interfund Receivables and Payables

The detail of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2006 is as follows:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund Amount

General School Nutrition \$95,321

The General Fund has loaned the School Nutrition Fund \$95,321\$ to offset cash shortfalls. No repayment plan has been made.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Balances Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund
Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Governmental Fund Types	Proprietary Fund Type	Total	Budgeted .	Amounts	Final to Actual
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance -
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:						
Local sources	3,125,889	132,366	3,258,255	3,150,361	3,150,361	107,894
State sources	2,487,298	3,521	2,490,819	2,482,760	2,482,760	8,059
Federal sources	185,502	116,561	302,063	290,000	290,000	12,063
Total revenues	5,798,689	252,448	6,051,137	5,923,121	5,923,121	128,016
Expenditures:						
Instruction	3,028,522	_	3,028,522	3,368,914	3,368,914	340,392
Support services	2,109,054	_	2,109,054	1,765,700	1,765,700	(343,354)
Non-instructional programs	-	276,511	276,511	274,000	274,000	(2,511)
Other expenditures	591,363		591,363	878,805	878,805	287,442
Total expenditures	5,728,939	276,511	6,005,450	6,287,419	6,287,419	281,969
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	69,750	(24,063)	45,687	(364,298)	(364,298)	409,985
Other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u> _				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures and other financing uses	69,750	(24,063)	45,687	(364,298)	(364,298)	409,985
Balance beginning of year	896,039	(58,192)	837,847	796,224	796,224	41,623
Balance end of year	965,789	(82,255)	883,534	431,926	431,926	451,608

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2006

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with <u>Governmental Accounting Standard Board</u> Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds, except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared on a GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula.

During the year ended June 30, 2006, expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted in the support services and non-instructional programs functions. The District did not exceed the General Fund unspent authorized budget.



Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2006

	Management	Student Activity	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash Property tax receivable:	57,368	44,414	101,782
Current year	3,329	_	3,329
Succeeding year	165,000		165,000
Total assets	225,697	44,414	270,111
Liabilities and Fund Balance			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	_	_	_
Interfund payable	_	_	_
Deferred revenue:			
Succeeding year property tax	165,000		165,000
	165,000		165,000
Fund balance:			
Unreserved fund balance	60,697	44,414	105,111
	60,697	44,414	105,111
Total liabilities and fund balance	225,697	44,414	270,111

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Student		
	Management	Activity	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Revenues:			
Local sources:			
Local tax	195,381	_	195,381
Other	6,518	165,242	171,760
State sources	125		125
Total revenues	202,024	165,242	367,266
Expenditures:			
Instruction:	29,401	157,802	187,203
Support services:			
Plant operation and maintenance	105,114		105,114
Total expenditures	134,515	157,802	292,317
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	67,509	7,440	74,949
Fund balances beginning of year	(6,812)	36,974	30,162
Balance end of year	60,697	44,414	105,111

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2006

	Balance Beginning			Balance End of	
Account	of Year	Revenues	Expenditures	Year	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Athletics	6,175	42,030	46,540	1,665	
Cheerleaders	705	4,613	4,222	1,096	
Concessions	98	20,661	20,724	35	
Dance Team	505	_	-	505	
Drama	3,239	3,813	2,189	4,863	
FFA	6,020	37,658	32,204	11,474	
Peer Mediation	27	_	-	27	
MS Student Council	881	1,004	1,006	879	
Instrumental Music	367	6,044	1,256	5,155	
Music Trip	1,870	10,084	9,924	2,030	
Vocal Music	1,316	13,683	14,224	775	
Pepsi Account	76	-	-	76	
Annual	1,230	5,159	6,249	140	
R Club	269	_	-	269	
SADD	486	_	-	486	
Spanish Club	1,674	1,149	1,780	1,043	
Speech	618	188	517	289	
Student Council	5,807	6,367	3,416	8,758	
Weightlifting	385	_	-	385	
UN Model Group	519	325	398	446	
RRMR Elementary	1,597	855	563	1,889	
Class of 2006	2,750	_	2,750	_	
Class of 2007	243	11,190	9,464	1,969	
Class of 2008	117	318	275	160	
Class of 2009		101	101		
Total	36,974	165,242	157,802	44,414	

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function

	Modified Accrual Basis				
	2006	2005	2004	2003	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Local sources:					
General	1,714,785	1,614,264	1,651,842	1,606,852	
Special revenue/debt service	599,336	515,275	495,245	458,445	
Capital projects	321,957	281,336	216,000	-	
	2,636,078	2,410,875	2,363,087	2,065,297	
State sources:					
General	2,478,726	2,334,476	2,298,335	2,348,906	
Special revenue/debt service	8,572	352	315	300	
School nutrition	3,521	3,640	3,860	4,115	
	2,490,819	2,338,468	2,302,510	2,353,321	
Federal sources:					
General	167,862	196,754	191,840	117,350	
Special revenue/debt service	17,640	-	-	60,865	
School nutrition	116,561	104,709	105,815	112,715	
	302,063	301,463	297,655	290,930	
Total	5,428,960	5,050,806	4,963,252	4,709,548	

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of the Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District:

Compliance

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statement listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon date October 26, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide and opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial. reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the reportable conditions described above, we believe item 06-I-A is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether, Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2006 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District and other parties to whom Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Rudd-Rockford-Marble Rock Community School District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

BRUCE D. FRINK
Certified Public Accountant

October 26, 2006

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2006

Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:

06-I-A SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

<u>Comment</u> - One important aspect of the internal control structure is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. We have noted the duties of the individual include: 1) preparation of checks, signing of checks, recording the transactions in the journals, and reconciling the bank; 2) receiving cash receipts, preparing the receipt, making up the bank deposit, and recording the transaction in the journals.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We realize that with a limited number of administrative employees, segregation of duties to eliminate incompatible duties is difficult. We also realize the job description, as defined by the Code of Iowa, of certain members of the administrative staff make the segregations even more difficult and the elimination of the possibility of administrative override of the system improbable. However, we feel the board and administration should review these policies annually and with each personnel change to insure the best possible control climate is maintained.

 $\frac{\text{Response}}{\text{system of internal controls.}}$ - We will investigate alternative procedures which will improve our

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- 06-II-A Official Depositories Official depositories have been approved by the District. The maximum deposit amounts approved were not exceeded during the year ended June 30, 2006.
- 06-II-B <u>Certified Budget</u> Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2006, exceeded the amounts budgeted in the support services and non-instructional program functions.

 $\overline{\text{Chapter 24.9}}$ of the Code of Iowa before expenditures were allowed to exceed the budget.

 $\underline{\text{Response}}$ - Future budgets will be amended in sufficient amounts to ensure the certified budget is not exceeded.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

O6-II-C <u>Questionable Disbursements</u> - No disbursements that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2006

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting: (continued):

- 06-II-D <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- 06-II-E <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.
- 06-II-F <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 06-II-G <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions requiring Board approval which had not been approved by the Board were noted.
- 06-II-H Deposits and Investments No instances of noncompliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa and the District's investment policy were noted.
- O6-II-I <u>Certified Annual Report</u> The Certified Annual Report was filed with the Department of Education timely and we noted no significant deficiencies in the amounts reported.
- 06-II-J <u>Certified Enrollment</u> No variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the Department of Education were noted.
- 06-II-K $\frac{\text{Financial Condition}}{\text{deficit fund balance of $82,255 at June 30, 2006.}}$

 $\frac{\text{Recommendation}}{\text{return this fund to a sound financial position.}}$ - We recommend that the District investigate alternatives to

Response - We will investigate alternatives as recommended.

Conclusion - Response accepted.